

Investigation of the Spin Hamiltonian Parameters and the Local Structure of Two Ni^{3+} Centers in KTaO_3

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The spin Hamiltonian anisotropic g factors g_{\parallel} and g_{\perp} and the local structures of the Ni^{3+} centers I and II in KTaO_3 are theoretically investigated by using the perturbation formulas of the spin Hamiltonian parameters for $3d^7$ ions in tetragonally distorted octahedrons and dodecahedrons. By analyzing the electron paramagnetic resonance data of the studied systems, the centers I and II can be attributed to Ni^{3+} ions occupying octahedral Ta^{5+} (associated with a nearest-neighbour oxygen vacancy V_{O} along the C_4 axis) and the dodecahedral K^{+} (associated with a nearest-neighbour interstitial oxygen O_{I} along the C_4 axis) sites, respectively. Based on these studies, it is found that at the center I the impurity Ni^{3+} is displaced away from V_{O} by $\Delta Z_{\text{I}} \approx -0.31(2) \text{ \AA}$ along the C_4 axis. At the center II a large off-center displacement, $\Delta Z_{\text{II}} \approx 1.12(2) \text{ \AA}$, towards the O_{I} along the C_4 axis is obtained, due to Ni^{3+} - O_{I} covalent bonding.

Key words: Electron Paramagnetic Resonance; Defect Structures; Crystal- and Ligand-field Theory; Ni^{3+} ; KTaO_3 .